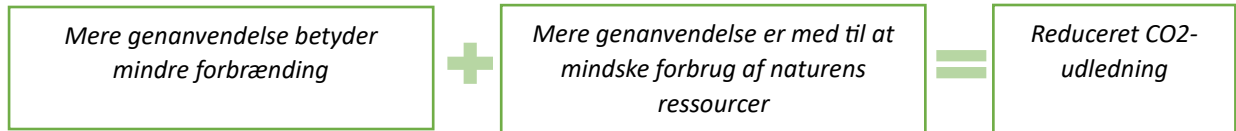


Affaldssortering nytter

1. Det er godt for klimaet

Når vi affaldssorterer, bidrager vi til en højere genanvendelsesprocent. Det gør en forskel for klimaet, fordi:



2. Bedre brug af ressourcerne

Med korrekt sortering er vi med til at sikre, at flest mulige materialer kan genanvendes, ligesom der spares på brugen af nye ressourcer.

Affaldssortering i fælleskøkkenerne og boligerne

De fleste fælleskøkkener er rigtig gode til at sortere deres affald. Det er vigtigt, og vi opfordrer ligeledes til, at affald i boligerne sorteres. **HUSK** at restaffald fra boligerne skal smides ud i skakterne og øvrigt affald afleveres i respektive containere ved affaldsøerne.

Se venligst vedlagte guide for korrekt affaldssortering.

Affaldsskakten – hvordan bruges den korrekt?

Restaffald er affald som hovedsageligt består af ikke bionedbrydeligt køkkenaffald, hygiejneaffald og mindre emner af kasserede materialer, der typisk frembringes af husholdninger. **HUSK at skakten udelukkende må benyttes til restaffald i mindre, lukkede poser.** Affaldsskakten må **IKKE** benyttes til genanvendeligt affald som fx papiraffald, papaffald, emballageaffald af glas, plast, metal, mad- og drikkekarton, elektronikaffald, tekstilaffald, stort indbo eller farligt affald.

Restaffald af større størrelse, herunder pizzabakker, **SKAL** afleveres i restaffaldscontaineren ved affaldsøerne.

Affaldsøerne – hvordan bruges de korrekt?

På kollegiet er der to affaldsøer – bag blok 2 og mellem blok 3 og 6.

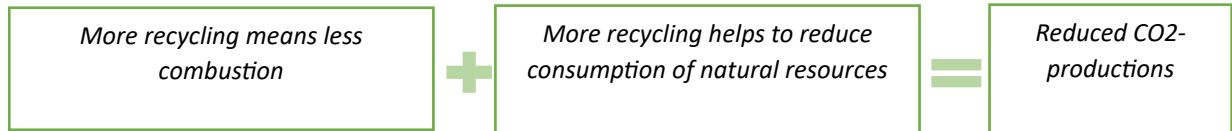
Ved affaldsøerne finder du containere til øvrig affaldssortering, fx pap, glas og metal. Desuden finder du ligeledes en container til restaffald. **HUSK** at affald skal sorteres inden, at du benytter restaffaldscontaineren.

TAK for jeres indsats – sammen kan vi nå langt og gøre en forskel!

Waste sorting benefits

1. It's good for the climate

When we sort waste, you contribute to a higher recycling rate. It makes a difference to the climate because:



2. Better use of the resources

With correct sorting, you help to ensure that as many materials as possible can be recycled, as well as saving on the use of new resources.

Waste sorting in the common kitchens and rooms

Most of the common kitchens are very good at sorting their waste. It is important, and we encourage that waste in the rooms is sorted as well. **REMEMBER** that residual waste from the rooms must be thrown into the waste drop and other waste must be handed over in respective containers at the 'waste islands'.

Please see the attached guide for correct waste sorting.

Waste drop – how is it used correctly?

Residual waste is waste which mainly consists of non-biodegradable kitchen waste, hygiene waste and smaller items of discarded materials that are typically produced by households. **REMEMBER** that the waste drop may only be used for residual waste in small, closed bags. The waste drop may **NOT** be used for recyclable waste such as paper waste, cardboard waste, packaging waste made of glass, plastic, metal, food and drink cartons, electronic waste, textile waste, large household goods or hazardous waste.

Residual waste of a larger size, including pizza trays, **MUST** be placed in the residual waste container at the 'waste islands'.

'Waste islands' – how is it used correctly?

In the dormitory, there are two 'waste islands' – behind block 2 and between blocks 3 and 6. At the 'waste islands' you will find containers for other waste sorting, e.g. cardboard, glass and metal. You will also find a container for residual waste. **REMEMBER** that waste must be sorted before you use the residual waste container.

THANK YOU for your efforts – together we can make a difference!

Sorteringsguide



MADAFFALD bliver til biogas, gødning og elektricitet. Rå og tilberedte fødevarer, nødder og skaller, kaffegrums og -filtre, brugt køkkenrulle, afskårne blomster m.m. *Bind altid knude på din biopose.*



GLAS genanvendes hele eller smeltes om til nyt. Vin- og spiritusflasker, glas fra fødevarer, drikkeglas og glasvaser m.m. *Glas fra fødevarer skal være tomme, men gerne med låg.*



PAPIR genanvendes i nye produkter. Aviser, ugeblade, reklamer, kuverter/rudekuverter, bøger, skrive- og tegnepapir m.m. *Clips og tape må gerne sidde på.*



PAP genanvendes i nye produkter. Papemballager fra fx legetøj, tandpasta, slik, mindre papkasser fra nethandel, karton, bølgepap m.m. *Pap skal være rent og foldet sammen. Brugte pizzabakker skal altid i beholderen til restaffald.*



SMÅT ELEKTRONIK genanvendes, så vidt muligt - resten specialbehandles. Mobiltelefoner og opladere, ledninger, el-tandbørster, elektronisk legetøj, strygejern, mindre køkkenmaskiner som håndmixere, blendere m.m., postkort, sko og slips med lys/musik i m.m. *Elektronikaffald er alt med batteri eller ledning på.*



FARLIGT AFFALD bliver behandlet under kontrollerede forhold. Kemikalier og gift, lavenergipærer, lysstofrør, maling, batterier, akkumulatorer, spraydåser m.m. *Husk, at tom emballage med 'Farligt affald'-symboler skal sorteres som farligt affald og i Farligt affald-beholderen.*



PLAST, MAD- OG DRIKKEKARTONER genanvendes i nye produkter.

Plastemballage fra fødevarer, dunke fra drikkevarer, milde rengøringsmidler og shampoo, bobleplast, plastindpakning fra blomster, slikposer m.m. Tomme mælkekartoner og kartonemballage fra fx saft og juice. *Tøm plast og kartoner, så godt du kan.*



METAL genanvendes i nye produkter.

Konservesdåser, tomme dåser uden pant, køkkengrej og foliebakker, værktøj, søm og skruer, æsker af metal, gryder og pander m.m. *Metal skal være tømt for fødevarer.*



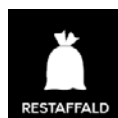
STORT INDBO. Træ og metal genanvendes, mens resten bliver til elektricitet og varme.

Møbler, madrasser, gulvtæpper m.m.

Indendørs træ - Træ brugt indendørs som fx møbler eller brædder skal stilles for sig, for at blive genanvendt.



Jord, sten og grus, sanitetsudstyr, tagplader, mursten, tagsten, beton, byggeaffald m.m. skal på genbrugsstationen.



RESTAFFALD bliver til elektricitet og varme.

Snasket pap og papir, bleer, hygiejnebind, vatpinde, flamingo, dyrestrøelse, støvsugerposer, skuresvampe, brugte tandbørster (ikke el), cigaretskod m.m. *Al restaffald skal være forsvarligt emballeret i poser.*

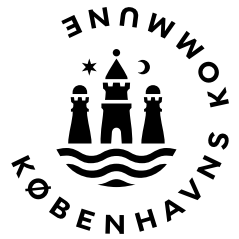


GENBRUG OG BYTTE

Giv, hvad du har - tag, hvad du kan bruge.

Bøger, tøj, køkkengrej, legetøj, nips, dvd'er og elektriske apparater, der virker.

How to sort your waste



Food waste is converted into biogas and fertiliser.

Food waste – raw as well as cooked – meat, fish, bones, fruits and vegetables, eggs and eggshells, nuts, rice, breakfast products, coffee grounds and filters, cut flowers. *Use only bio bags and always tie with a knot.*



Glass and jars are refilled or turned into new jars.

Wine and liquor bottles, food jars etc. *Empty food jars and bottles as well as you can – the lid can stay on.*



Paper is recycled into new products.

Newsprint and magazines, advertising materials, envelopes, also window envelopes, books, writing- and drawing paper. *No need to remove clips or tape.*



Cardboard is recycled into new products.

Cardboard boxes without styrofoam, corrugated board, cartons, packaging for toys, toothpaste etc. *Cardboard and cartons must be clean and folded flat before drop-off.*



Electronic waste. Small household devices are recycled into new products.

Anything with batteries or wires. Phones and chargers, electric toothbrushes, electric toys, irons, small kitchen utensils such as hand mixers, blenders etc., postcards, shoes and ties with light or music. Lithium batteries must be taken to recycling centre.



Hazardous waste. For treatment under controlled conditions.

Chemicals and poisons, low-energy light bulbs, fluorescent tubes, paints, spray cans and larger batteries – **Lithium batteries** must be taken to recycling centre. *Products and empty containers marked with hazard pictograms are hazardous wastes.*



Soft and rigid plastics and cartons from food and beverages are recycled into new products.

Plastic bottles without refund, bottles used for beverages and shampoo, trays from fruit and ice cream, plastic bags, plastic wrap. Milk and juice cartons. Empty packings and cartons as well as you can.



Metal is recycled into new products.

Containers of metal without refund, tins and cans, pots and pans, utensils and foil, nails and screws, tools, metal boxes. Empty all containers as well as you can.



Large interior. Wood and metal are recycled. Most other materials turned into electricity and heat.

Furniture, mattresses, carpets, etc.



Wood – e.g. furniture and other indoor wood must be placed separately to be recycled. *Bricks, tiles, concrete and similar, sanitary equipment, roofing slates, soil/stone/gravel, building waste from DIY work must be taken to the recycling centre.*



Residual waste are converted into electricity and district heating.

Pizza boxes and other greasy cardboard and paper, diapers, hygiene waste, styrofoam, animal litter, vacuum bags, barbecue ash and other dusty waste. *All residual waste must be properly placed in closed bags.*



Freecycle. Give what you have – take what you can use.

Books, clothing, cookware, toys, knickknacks, DVDs and electronic appliances that work..

You can find more information on how to sort your waste on [kk.dk/affald](https://www.kk.dk/affald)